Developing a methodology to prioritize EU plant pests based on socio-economic and environmental impacts:

The Impact Indicator for Priority Pests (I2P2)



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Joint Research Centre (JRC)

"As the science and knowledge service of the Commission our mission is to support EU policies with independent evidence throughout the whole policy cycle"

3000 staff Almost 75% are scientists and researchers. Headquarters in Brussels and research facilities located in **5 Member States**:

- Belgium (Geel)
- Germany (Karlsruhe)
- Italy (Ispra)
- The Netherlands (Petten)
- Spain (Seville)



EU legal framework for Plant Health





Xylella fastidiosa is just an example: numerous pests and diseases are listed as quarantine pests for the EU

How to establish EU-wide priorities when resources are limited



The new plant health regulation Regulation (EU) 2016/2031

Article 6 (1) defines priority pests

Pests whose potential economic, environmental or social impact is the most severe

Article 6(2)
empowers the EC
to adopt a
delegated act
establishing a list of
priority pests based
on specific criteria
(Annex I)

Technical assistance based on

JRC scientific expertise

EFSA extrapolation of technical and scientific data related to those pests



OBLIGATIONS FOR PRIORITY PESTS

Special provisions in place as regards:

- Information to the public
- surveys
- contingency plans
- simulation exercises
- action plans for eradication and
- co-financing of measures by the Union



Partners and roles



Mandates to EFSA and JRC for support on ranking priority pests
List of Union Quarantine pests to be assessed and executive decisions on weights of
individual indicators or decision rules (cut-off value; number of pests)

Development and application of a methodology to evaluate social, economic and environmental impacts of quarantine pests in EU





Support on priority pests via expert knowledge elicitation to provide key information to JRC methodology to calculate indicators by pest

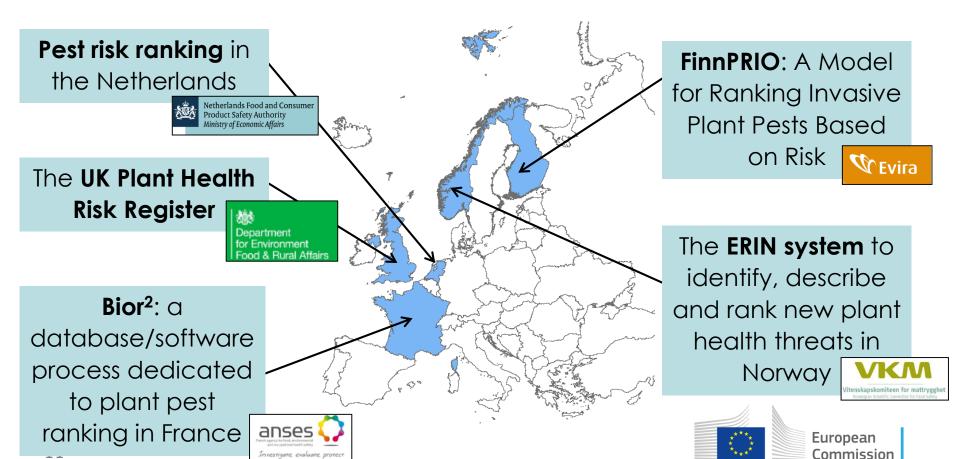
Plant Health Expert Working Group from EU member states for ad-hoc data requests and consultation on methodology



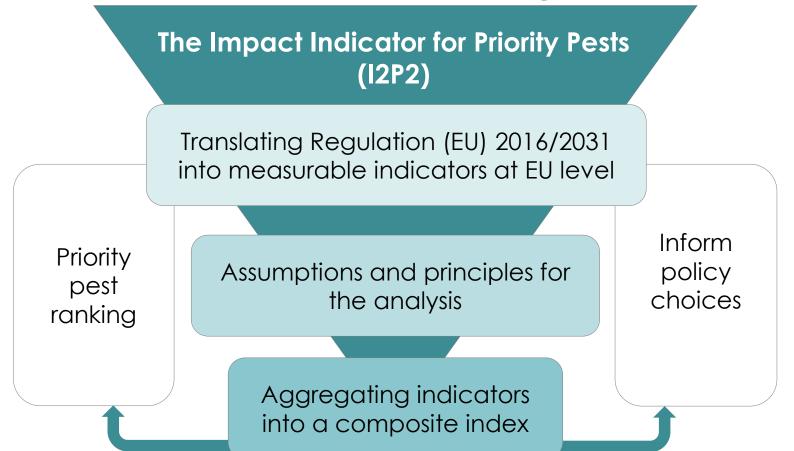
12P2 a composite indicator to rank pests based on the socioeconomic and environmental impact



Other EU initiatives for identification of priority pests



Composite indicators including multiple criteria



Composite indicators including multiple criteria

The Impact Indicator for Priority Pests (12P2)

Translating Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 into measurable indicators at EU level

How to translate from regulation to indicators?

Systematic review of Regulation to identify all criteria mentioned Each indicator covers one of more criteria - all criteria addressed by one or more indicators

ANNEX I

CRITERIA FOR THE QUALIFICATION OF PESTS ACCORDING TO THEIR RISK TO THE UNION TERRITORY

SECTION 1

Criteria to identify pests which qualify as a quarantine pest, as referred to in Article 3, Article 6(1), Article 7, Article 29(2), Article 30(2) and Article 49(3)

(4) Potential economic, social and environmental impact

The entry, establishment and spread of the pest in the territory in question, or, if present but not widely distributed, in the part of that territory where it is absent, shall have an unacceptable economic, social and/or environmental impact on that territory, or the part of that territory where it is not widely distributed, as regards one or more of the following points:

(a) crop losses in terms of yield and quality;

Example:

Crop losses in terms of yield and quality is criteria 4(a) of Section 1 of Annex I

I2P2 Indicator #1
Maximum value of
production losses
fulfils regulation
criteria: [4(a) of Section
1 of Annex II

How to identify measurable indicators? OECD steps!

We are here!

Indicators selection	Quantitative or qualitative measures
Data selection	Measuring indicators based on available statistics and experts
Normalization	Allows comparing indicators with different scales; dimensions or units
Weighting	To aggregate indicators based on weights set by the Legislator(s)
Uncertainty of data	Probabilities and sensitivity analysis

Composite indicators including multiple criteria

The Impact Indicator for Priority Pests (12P2)

Translating Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 into measurable indicators at EU level

Assumptions and principles for the analysis

Assumptions on reference scenario for impact assessment

- Pest is already present throughout the area of potential establishment in the EU
- Pest has reached a stable spatial distribution / maximum potential abundance based on the current environmental conditions and production practices
- Yield/quality losses are evaluated in a time frame long enough to take into account the temporal variation in pest population dynamics
- For polyphagous pests, indicators aggregated for all pest-host pairing when cardinal data and using maximum value for shares or ratios



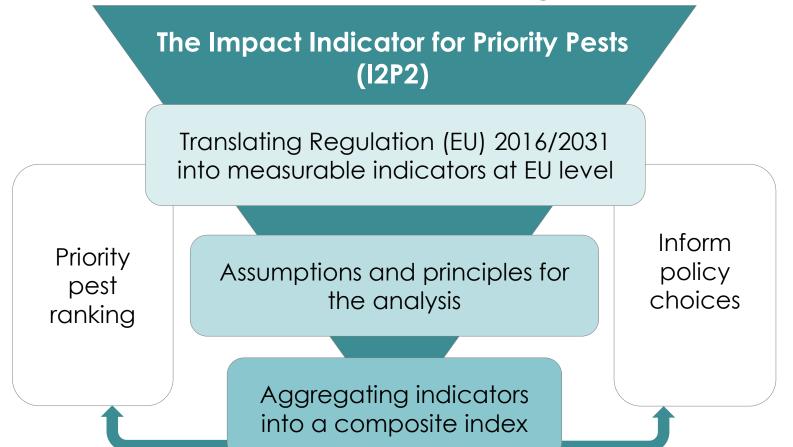


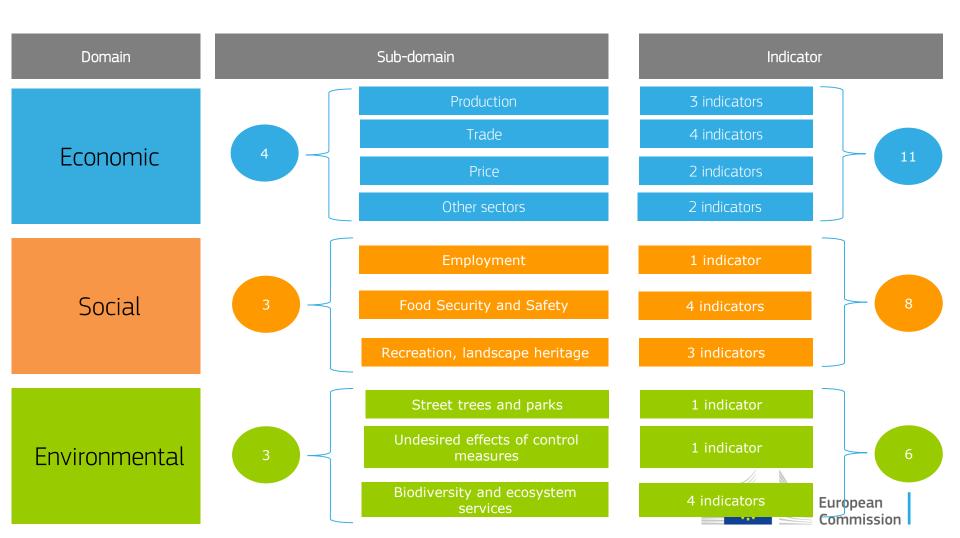
SUPPORT ON PRIORITY PESTS via EXPERT KNOWLEDGE ELICITATION (EKE)

- For each pest-host combination and per MS
 - Area of potential establishment
 - Potential impact on yield (distribution of)
 - Potential impact on quality (distribution of)
 - Potential changes in agricultural practices (i.e. need for additional treatments)
 - Time from 1st detection to max dispersal and spread
 - Nature 2000 area and sites affected



Composite indicators including multiple criteria





Domain	Sub-domain	Indicator
Production impacts Trade impacts Price and market	Production impacts	I.1 Maximum value of production losses
		I.2 Share of EU production affected
		I.3 Difficulty of eradication
	I.4 Number of importing countries banning trade	
	Trade impacts	I.5 Value of export losses
		I.6 Share of export losses over total production
		I.7 Trade dispersion
COL	Price and market Impacts	I.8 Change in domestic price
Ппрасі		I.9 Change in domestic production over imports
	Impacts on other agents	I.10 Upstream effect
	impacts on other agents	I.11 Downstream effect

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Domain

₽	
and	act on Food Secu Food safety
land	act on recreation dscape and cultur tage

Sub-domain Indicator I.12 Job losses ent I.13 Share of caloric supply I.14 Share of protein supply urity I.15 Share of fat supply I.16 Capacity to produce fungal toxins 1.17 Share of holdings with OGA I.18 Products covered by EU quality labels ral I.19 UNESCO World Heritage sites



impact
Environmental

Domain

Sub-domain

Indicator

Impact on street trees, parks and natural and planted areas

I.20 Use of hosts as street trees and in parks

Undesired impacts of control measures

I.21 Undesired effects of control measures

Impact biodiversity and ecosystem services

I.22 Soil erosion

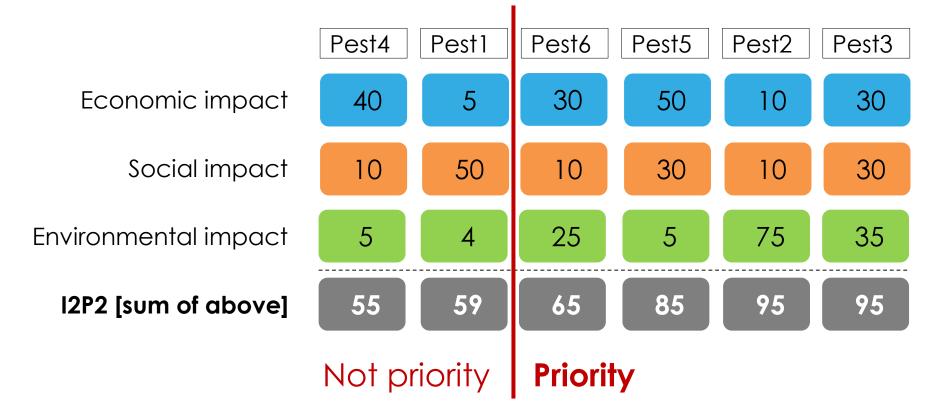
I.23 Number of protected species and habitats related to hosts

1.24 Share of Natura 2000 area and sites affected

I.25 Share under sustainable management practices



Example of Impact Indicator of Priority Pests (I2P2)



(1) Simplified example only for presentation purposes; (2) Priority if I2P2 ≥60; (3) Equal weights for all impacts

Challenges: data sources and aggregations

- Quantitative or qualitative components based on the existing evidence and data available
- Use only the most representative and reliable official statistical data Expert assessment by EFSA Expert Knowledge Elicitation (EKE) process
- Alternatives to official EU datasets and expert elicitation explored when EU wide data is not available
- Non-discrimination across pests, all data sources available for all host-pest
- Crop VS forestry rankings
- Weighting by legislator (cut-off value; number of pests)



Thanks for your attention

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